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2 3 4		MINUTES OF THE REGULAR MEETING PINOLE PLANNING COMMISSION		
5678901123456789011234567890123345678904123445678	February 13, 2023			
	THIS MEETING WAS HELD IN A HYBRID FORMAT BOTH IN-PERSON AND ZOOM TELECONFERENCE			
	A.	CALL TO ORDER: 7:04 p.	m.	
	B1.	PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE		
	B2.	LAND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT: Before we begin, we would like to acknowledge the Ohlone people, who are the traditional custodians of this land. We pay our respects to the Ohlone elders, past, present and future, who call this place, Ohlone Land, the land that Pinole sits upon, their home. We are proud to continue their tradition of coming together and growing as a community. We thank the Ohlone community for their stewardship and support, and we look forward to strengthening our ties as we continue our relationship of mutual respect and understanding.		
	B3.	ROLL CALL		
		Commissioners Present:	Benzuly, Kurrent, Menis, Vice Chairperson Moriarty	Chairperson Martinez,
		Commissioners Absent:	Banuelos	
		Staff Present:	David Hanham, Planning Manager Alex Mog, Assistant City Attorney	
	C.	CITIZENS TO BE HEARD		
		Planning Manager David Ha	ents from the public.	
	D.	MEETING MINUTES		
		1. Planning Commission Meeting Minutes from January 23, 2023.		
		MOTION with a Roll Call vote to approve the Planning Commission Meeting Minutes from January 23, 2023, as shown.		
		MOTION: Benzuly	SECONDED: Menis	APPROVED: 5-0-1 ABSENT: Banuelos
	E.	PUBLIC HEARINGS: None		
49 50	F.	OLD BUSINESS: None		

G. NEW BUSINESS

1. New Outdoor Dining Regulation Framework

Staff is seeking Planning Commission feedback regarding a framework for new outdoor dining regulations on sidewalks, in street parking areas and on public and private property for City Council consideration.

Planning Manager Hanham provided a PowerPoint presentation of the New Outdoor Dining Regulation Framework, as outlined in the February 13, 2023 staff report.

Mr. Hanham recommended the Planning Commission consider the following discussion topics that would establish the framework for coordinated standards and guidelines for parklets/outdoor dining use:

- Define categories of outdoor dining (on sidewalks: "sidewalk dining in areas," parking spaces in the right-of-way or on public property: "parklets," and on private property: "outdoor dining areas").
- Establish the permitting process for outdoor dining, including opportunities for public input, annual renewal or inspections, one-time and annual fees, maintenance, and liability.
- Describe the locations and/or zoning districts where different categories of outdoor dining are allowed through a permitting process.
- Establish standards for design and materials, size, landscaping, accessibility, circulation, lighting, safety features (such as guardrails, wheel stops, visible vertical elements) signage, heating, air circulation and outdoor furniture.
- Consider encouraging other elements such as public art and bicycle parking.
- Establish standards that address use of the area (i.e., hours, public access, and equity).
- Address parking requirements.
- Address the transition from temporary outdoor dining areas to permanent dining areas (i.e., establish a transition period for existing temporary permit holders to apply for a permanent outdoor dining area).

Mr. Hanham explained that the framework would be used to establish an ordinance and guidelines to enhance the City's current outdoor dining regulations and activities on the street with the intent to create a welcoming environment for residents and visitors when dining outdoors in the City of Pinole. The Planning Commission was asked to provide feedback regarding the framework for New Outdoor Dining Regulations on sidewalks, in street parking areas and on public and private property for City Council consideration.

Responding to the Commission, Mr. Hanham stated public comment could be solicited after each topic for discussion.

Assistant City Attorney Alex Mog suggested instead that public comment be solicited after Planning Commissioners provide feedback on the different topics.

Mr. Hanham explained that staff would like the Planning Commission to reach a consensus on the topics of discussion.

Reporting on ex-parté communications, Commissioner Menis stated he had sent out information about the Planning Commission meeting to his email list and had ex-parté communications with Tina Holtzclaw, the owner of Tina's Place about this agenda item topic a few months ago.

Mr. Hanham also clarified in response to the Commission with respect to the three existing businesses in Pinole that had temporary use permits for outdoor eating areas, his understanding the parking as part of Tina's Place located at 2300 San Pablo Avenue was part of the business, but he would have to conduct some research to verify that information. As to Sue's Café, the parklet was out in the street using public right-of-way (ROW). The walkway at Pear Street Bistro was part of the bistro and part of the City of Pinole, with the majority of the walkway the City's at one time, although when sold to the private owner, Pear Street Bistro, the bistro had a lease agreement to use the ROW.

At this time, the Planning Commission discussed the topics identified by staff one-by-one and offered feedback.

Define categories of outdoor dining (on sidewalks: "sidewalk dining in areas," parking spaces in the right-of-way or on public property: "parklets," and on private property: "outdoor dining areas").

Commissioner Kurrent opposed parklets utilizing the City's ROW since there were some safety issues when extending a dining area out into the street or if located adjacent to parking spaces with potential conflicts with vehicular traffic. He pointed out Sue's Café was the only establishment in Pinole that had taken advantage of the opportunity to have a parklet during the pandemic. He suggested there was no place in the City where parking spaces should be lost to parklets. He also had concern with the maintenance and ownership of parklets and suggested this was a path the City should not go down. He recommended that parklets not be considered at all and the Planning Commission only consider eating areas that were part of a strip mall parking lot or part of an establishment. While parklets had been nice during the pandemic and had served a purpose, he suggested they were no longer viable in the City of Pinole. He had no issues with sidewalk dining areas or any other outdoor dining that did not encroach out into the street.

Commissioner Benzuly supported the flexibility parklets provided for eating establishments. He understood the safety concerns and suggested the location of a parklet should include recommendations from the Police Department on possible barriers, as an example, and with the City to sort out the maintenance and liability issues as part of the permitting process. He had no concerns with sidewalk dining or private outdoor dining areas.

 Commissioner Menis had a slight issue with some of the examples of sidewalk dining areas that appeared to encroach into the ROW and which may block access to wheelchairs. He wanted to ensure that was avoided if sidewalk dining areas were allowed. As to parklets, while they did encroach somewhat into the public ROW, that could be an advantage for the business. He understood a number of cities had ordinances for parklets that worked out well and it would have been helpful to have some of that information for this presentation. If designed properly parklets would be beneficial. He suggested any design standards should be explicitly part of an ordinance for parklets. He also suggested parklets could act as a traffic calming and safety measure since they extended out into the ROW drawing a driver's attention and making people be more cautious and aware of one's environment.

Commissioner Menis was unaware of any issues with the parklet at Sue's Café. He suggested any parklet should be built to withstand at the least a glancing impact, but the fact was they were in the public ROW and could have beneficial traffic calming impacts, such as in the Old Town area of San Pablo Avenue.

Vice Chairperson Martinez supported all three ideas staff had outlined but emphasized that ensuring safety was key. The City currently had one parklet at Sue's Café and having recently patronized the establishment, he reported on a close call he had experienced with a passing vehicle. If parklets were permitted, there needed to be thoughtful and clearly defined safety guidelines in place with a requirement for possible barriers to eliminate any safety risks.

Commissioner Kurrent suggested if parklets were allowed cement barriers, as an example, needed to be considered to protect diners; however, he reiterated his concerns with allowing parklets at all in the City of Pinole.

Chairperson Moriarty suggested the discussion on parklets needed to continue. She did not see that parklets made sense in Pinole but for an establishment like Sue's Café, it had worked well. She summarized the comments from the Commission that there was consensus for sidewalk dining areas as long as there was room. There was also Commission consensus for outdoor dining areas but the question was with parklets. The main concerns with parklets was owner maintenance, liability and design standards to ensure the parklet appeared to be more permanent than temporary. Safety was the highest consideration which would determine the dimensions and materials to be used for the parklet and there should be traffic calming provided to slow things down as much as possible.

Establish the permitting process for outdoor dining, including opportunities for public input, annual renewal or inspections, one-time and annual fees, maintenance, and liability.

Mr. Hanham highlighted the options to establish a permitting process for outdoor dining (parklets, outdoor dining or on private property: outdoor dining areas) which included: Administrative Permit Process: (a new Outdoor Dining Permit) approved by the Planning Manager/Community Development Director. A hearing process (Administrative Use Permit (AUP), Conditional Use Permit (CUP), and Zoning Administrator Permit, a New Outdoor Dining Permit) through the Zoning Administrator with appeal rights to the Planning Commission.

A hearing process (AUP, CUP, ZA permit, with a New Outdoor Dining Permit) through the Planning Commission with an appeal to the City Council or a hearing process (AUP, CUP, ZA permit, a new Outdoor Dining Permit) through the Planning Commission with a recommendation to the City Council.

Commissioner Benzuly suggested different permit processes for the different types of outdoor dining. He clarified with the Assistant City Attorney that an Ad-Hoc Committee would have no authority to make decisions. For parklets, he suggested those permits should go before the Planning Commission given the concerns raised. For the other two outdoor dining categories, he suggested it would be heavy handed to require Planning Commission approval, and rather he recommended once a minimum standard had been established administrative approval by the Planning Manager or Zoning Administrator made more sense.

Commissioner Menis suggested there was no need to consider the fourth permit option outlined by staff since the Planning Commission had the power to make decisions on CUPs without requiring City Council approval. For outdoor dining areas, it would be reasonable to have that require an administrative hearing process but for sidewalk areas and for parklets, he recommended the Planning Commission process given the ROW concerns and which would provide for community input. He did not see there was a need for an annual review of the permit, although annual inspections would be a good idea particularly for parklets, and to a lesser extent outdoor and dining areas. Fees should be based on the nexus of staff costs and there should be a requirement for maintenance and liability incumbent on the property owner, although he could see a split between the City and the property owner in terms of liability for parklets. Maintenance for parklets should be borne by the private property owner making the improvements and that should also be a condition of approval.

Vice Chairperson Martinez suggested as part of any CUP any outdoor activities should be insured properly and the insurance of the property should be well over \$1 million removing liability from the City, and that any organization/establishment that had any outdoor activities should be responsible for regular/daily maintenance and removal of litter. He appreciated the fact that the owners of Trader Joe's Shopping Center conducted annual maintenance and removal of litter and he wanted it made clear that if outdoor activities were allowed, that space should appear new all of the time and there would be an annual renewal of the use each year.

Vice Chairperson Martinez cited East Bay Coffee as an example of a business with an approved outdoor venue, which required Planning Commission review and approval given concerns with the use and which involved public input. He liked the idea of the permit requiring Planning Commission review and approval and possibly the Planning Commission Development Review Ad-Hoc Subcommittee could provide feedback prior to approval by the Planning Commission.

Assistant City Attorney Mog clarified that anything that operated in the public ROW, whether a sidewalk or a street, must obtain an encroachment permit from the City of Pinole Public Works Department even if the use went through a CUP process. As part of the encroachment permit process and as outlined in the Pinole Municipal Code (PMC), \$2 million minimum in insurance was required with the City indemnified from any liability.

Commissioner Kurrent agreed there should be a more straightforward permit process for outdoor dining areas than for parklets. He suggested that outdoor dining areas should go through a Zoning Administrator public hearing process given there could be neighborhood impacts and people who lived within 300 square feet of a use should be allowed the ability to comment on any changes in their neighborhood. For parklets, he recommended a public hearing process with a recommendation from the Planning Commission to the City Council. In that case, the City would be giving away City property and there should be some compensation to the City in the payment of annual fees to compensate the City for the loss of any parking spaces along with annual inspections. Issues related to ownership also needed to be addressed as it related to parklets, and he was unsure citizens could be restricted from using City property to the benefit of someone else.

Chairperson Moriarty summarized the Commission consensus for outdoor dining or on private property: outdoor dining areas; there be a public hearing process through the Zoning Administrator with appeal rights to the Planning Commission. For sidewalk dining areas, there was consensus for the same public hearing process.

Commissioner Menis pointed out that sidewalk use may impact a broader group of people that may not be normally notified of a public hearing process. He asked of the cost differences for an applicant for a public hearing before the Zoning Administrator as opposed to the Planning Commission.

Mr. Hanham stated that administrative use permits go through staff or the Zoning Administrator. A CUP process cost was about \$7,300 whereas the Zoning Administrator process was about \$1,500, with the costs mostly related to staff time and public noticing requirements.

Assistant City Attorney Mog clarified the costs for a CUP and for Zoning Administrator permits pursuant to the PMC excluding staff costs or noticing requirements.

Commissioner Menis recognized if public input was desired it would impose costs on an applicant regardless of whether a public hearing before the Zoning Administrator or the Planning Commission. Even with the associated costs and whether an administrative or Planning Commission public hearing, he suggested for sidewalk level activities that should require Planning Commission review and approval since it would impact a broader swath of the community.

Chairperson Moriarty suggested the specifications for sidewalk activities needed to be clear since the sidewalk user would likely be a pass-through person and there was a need to ensure space for people to walk and wheelchairs and the like that could be determined administratively as well as by the Planning Commission and those who would likely want to provide public comment, which were those who lived in the area of the use and who would be affected or had an adjacent business. She suggested the actual wording could be designed to ensure that pass-through people who were not impacted to the same degree would be addressed.

Assistant City Attorney Mog commented the City had standards that must be met and which would be evaluated by the Public Works Director as part of the encroachment permit process to ensure Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) accessibility in the ROW.

Chairperson Moriarty stated she would be in favor of keeping the private outdoor dining and the sidewalk at the same level with administrative approval by the Zoning Administrator and with appeal rights to the Planning Commission. In terms of parklets, she agreed they should require Planning Commission review with a recommendation to the City Council.

There was Planning Commission consensus that parklets be reviewed by the Planning Commission with a recommendation to the City Council.

Chairperson Moriarty recognized that issues related to maintenance and liability would be part of the encroachment permit process. She suggested consideration of annual inspections and one time annual fees should be discussed further.

In terms of parklets and in response to Commissioner Benzuly, Mr. Hanham clarified that any structure that was more than 120 square feet in size or had electrical work would require approval of a Building Permit. The subject discussion for this topic was how to process permits with the current consensus for outdoor dining permits for sidewalks and privately obtain permits as part of the Zoning Administrator permit process, with parklets to be reviewed by the Planning Commission with a recommendation to the City Council.

Describe the locations and/or zoning districts where different categories of outdoor dining are allowed through a permitting process.

While there was Planning Commission consensus for the different categories of outdoor dining for "Commercial Establishments" or "Eating Establishments" to be allowed Citywide, with the exception of Residential Districts, staff sought identification of the different Zoning Districts where different categories of outdoor dining would be allowed through a permitting process.

Chairperson Moriarty asked staff to make the recommendation fit into the specific Zoning Districts.

Assistant City Attorney Mog explained that restaurants were defined uses in the PMC and staff could tie the use to an operating restaurant, which use was not allowed in Residential Zoning Districts.

The Planning Commission discussed the possibility of non-food based uses for parklets, which should be discussed and there was a recommendation by Commissioner Menis to confine parklets to the Old Town Subarea rather than citywide to address risks with encroachment; although Commissioner Kurrent disagreed and suggested that taking away a parking space was an inexpensive way to expand a business. He could foresee a business owner install a parklet, with the City having limited parking spaces, and he sought a restriction on parklets.

Mr. Hanham added that there were restrictions on outdoor storage for outdoor dining, which was why this was primarily for eating establishments and restaurants.

Chairperson Moriarty summarized the Planning Commission consensus to link the locations and/or zoning districts where different categories of outdoor dining were allowed

through a permitting process, to current eating/restaurant establishments citywide, with the exception of where there was actual Commercial restaurant establishments.

Establish standards for design and materials, size, landscaping, accessibility, circulation, lighting, safety features (such as guardrails, wheel stops, visible vertical elements) signage, heating, air circulation and outdoor furniture.

Mr. Hanham provided visual examples of heavy and lightweight barriers that could be considered including conceptual drawings and photographs of existing parklet designs. He also suggested a cover design that entirely covered the parklet could be considered or a covering which included openings at the top, and he asked the Planning Commission to provide feedback.

Chairperson Moriarty disliked the idea of something that was temporary, such as the barriers used at Sue's Café as compared to the more permanent barrier examples. She also preferred well thought out options keeping in mind safety, visibility and a more permanent solution.

Commissioner Kurrent emphasized that visibility and safety was important whether a concrete barrier/bollards or some other barrier mechanism but something that protected diners from an errant vehicle and allowed appropriate sight distance/visibility between patrons and vehicular traffic. He suggested that a covering which consisted of Plexiglas or which had an opening should be considered.

Commissioner Menis understood that the details around design and materials would naturally come before a design subcommittee with the details brought back to the Planning Commission for a formal vote. He suggested that being able to have the parklets covered was a good idea during inclement weather. As to heating, he asked whether or not the City could mandate the use of electric heating and bar the use of natural gas or propane given studies around the negative health impacts of using those materials.

Assistant City Attorney Mog suggested any mandate should come from the City Council and not be determined project-by-project.

Commissioner Menis suggested to make parklets more consistent with the Sustainability and Safety Elements of the General Plan, the Planning Commission should encourage the City Council to bar the use of fossil fuel burning elements and require the use of electrical heating elements. He otherwise agreed with the need for more sturdy barriers taking into account safety and visibility.

Vice Chairperson Martinez commented that other cities allowed the lower portion of the parklets to be as tall as but no taller than 36 inches with a requirement to use Plexiglas or acrylic material on the sides, with that area to be as clear as possible. Some cities had also required a distance of six to eight feet from the floor of the parklet to the ceiling for some type of roof or plastic covering during the winter months. Fire retardant materials would have to be used and some umbrellas were required to be properly treated with fire retardant materials. Other cities had also mandated that each component of the exterior walls of the parklets be at a minimum weight of at last 250 pounds so they were not easily knocked over, which was a nice standard that should be added.

Vice Chairperson Martinez also wanted to see the edges where the end points were located come together on the street and the use of appropriate reflective taping, which would be reflective during the evenings.

Commissioner Benzuly agreed with limiting the use of tents or guardrails which resulted in a temporary look and rather preferred a more permanent solution as discussed. In terms of heating and roofing, he was not opposed to the parklets having roofs and heating, which could be an impetus for the applicant but which would meet code for a permanent or semi-permanent structure.

Mr. Hanham suggested the Planning Commission identify a desired standard and allow the applicant to provide options and depending on those options standards could be established.

Commissioner Benzuly agreed that minimum standards must be considered to allow some flexibility.

Chairperson Moriarty referenced design standards provided from the City of San Mateo, which jurisdiction had criteria that addressed drainage with the platforms for the parklets required to allow for curbside drainage flow; criteria for bolting which was not allowed; maintenance access; platforms required to be constructed from durable materials that could withstand the wear and tear of elements and pouring concrete was not allowed, as examples. She suggested looking to the standards used by other jurisdictions for permanent and semi-permanent parklets consistent with what the Planning Commission was seeking.

Mr. Hanham suggested recommendations could be made to the City Council for a safety and visibility standard, with a review of any lighting, as an example, the structure to be more permanent in nature, with the micro details yet to be resolved. He again displayed example criteria for heavy and lightweight barriers, acknowledged a recommendation for the City Council to consider more heavyweight barriers, include additional design features for visual vertical elements, and consider reflective corner elements, wheel stops, wheelchair accommodations, Americans with Disability Act (ADA) accessibility and the like, as discussed.

Commissioner Menis reiterated his recommendation that any heating element in the parklets be electrical and not use natural gas, and that the outdoor eating areas be electrical as well in order to comply with the Sustainability and Safety Elements of the General Plan.

Chairperson Moriarty suggested staff could make it clear to the City Council that was something the Planning Commission would like the City Council to consider.

Vice Chairperson Martinez urged caution since the State had an electricity provider that had consistently proven itself unreliable and if mandating that one electricity supplier which had a monopoly, it could prevent a business from heating food for guests and was an area that the market should determine. As an example, he had reviewed different environments that used outdoor electric heaters and commented on the significant cost for such equipment, which was why many restaurateurs used natural gas heaters. Mandating the use of electricity could be a significant impact to small businesses.

Chairperson Moriarty suggested that this issue was a much deeper discussion as it related to the City's Climate Action Plan (CAP), and was a discussion she did not recommend the Planning Commission have at this time. She asked staff to make it clear the Planning Commission was asking the City Council to "consider" a prohibition on the use of natural gas and that the City Council consider potential impacts to the small business owner.

Mr. Hanham agreed with the Chair's comments and clarified that a deeper discussion of electric versus natural gas would be discussed in the future.

Commissioner Menis commented the City Council had decided not to mandate citywide electrification in new buildings in 2021 or in 2022, as part of Reach Codes. As a result, when projects came before the Planning Commission, there had been a request for the applicants to voluntarily consider Reach Codes, which had not been supported. He suggested that addressing this issue on a case-by-case basis was unreasonable.

Chairperson Moriarty again suggested the City Council could "consider" the recommendation, as discussed and consider it fairly. She recognized this was a bigger issue but she wanted to move that discussion to the City Council level.

Consider encouraging other elements such as public art and bicycle parking

There was consensus from the Planning Commission to encourage other elements such as public art and bicycle parking.

Commissioner Menis clarified with Mr. Hanham that the City did not have a current policy for public art and a program could be established for parklets and outdoor dining areas.

Mr. Hanham stated he would not recommend public art as a requirement but that it be "encouraged," and acknowledged that could be a Planning Commission decision. While the Planning Commission could set standards for what it wanted to see for public art in parklets and outdoor dining areas, he recommended considering whether or not public art should be allowed without getting into the details at this time.

Vice Chairperson Martinez commented on the bicyclists who traveled through Old Town Pinole on weekends with parking on the sidewalks, which had been a challenge for pedestrians to navigate and which issue needed to be addressed by creating safe bicycle parking spaces achieved by working with the business owners.

Establish standards that address use of the area (i.e., hours, public access, and equity)

Commissioner Benzuly suggested the hours of operation should be considered on a caseby-case basis. In terms of limiting access to the outdoor dining areas, he had not seen an establishment regulate access other than pulling the furniture inside.

Mr. Hanham commented that sometimes ropes were used when the area was not in use and it was more of a passive area.

Chairperson Moriarty referenced Contra Costa County's regulations related to the use of parklets, which required the parklet to be free and open to all members of the public regardless of whether or not they patronized any particular business.

Commissioner Menis commented that this tied into the City imposing regulations on who owned the parklet and who controlled access. If they were saying the public had universal right of access to the parklet at certain hours at all times, they were also saying the City controlled who could enter or leave it. He cited Supreme Court decisions in other contexts where the right of ejection was one of the fundamental property rights, which could change some of the arguments over fee structure, permitting process and the like if they were saying the City had the right to control access. He understood that this would apply to parklets and sidewalk dining and not as much to the private dining spaces that would be in parking lots or within the physically controlled property. As to whether the public should have full access to property within the public ROW regardless of improvements made, limited access or no access in specific periods of time was something the City Council needed to resolve as to who the spaces were for, when, how and for what purpose. As an example, if a homeless person wanted to sleep in the area after the business was closed for the day, was it the responsibility of the business to monitor that or make it physically impossible for that access to occur, which tied into issues of equity and public access.

Mr. Hanham cited the Bear Claw as an example, which establishment left its tables and chairs outside 24/7 and while secured anyone could sit down at any time. As to Sue's Café, that establishment closed off its outdoor dining area after the close of business.

Assistant City Attorney Mog clarified that access could be addressed in the agreement for parklets or the City Council may establish a policy for how it wanted to address any condition about the use of the public ROW in exchange for the use of the property.

Commissioner Menis suggested depending on how permanent the sidewalk improvements access restrictions may apply to that area as well.

Commissioner Kurrent suggested if the City were to give ownership or lease the public ROW to restaurant owners the City should control who used the space. If the business was leasing space from the City vis-à-vis the public ROW, he suggested there should be fees commensurate with the square footage of rental, not just a freebee.

Vice Chairperson Martinez agreed and suggested if the business owner was paying for the improvements the business owner should have the ability to restrict access.

Commissioner Benzuly suggested a business owner should have a say as to who sat in the outdoor dining area during business hours. After business hours, one should be allowed to sit in that space if not impeding operations.

The Commission discussed the topic at length and Assistant City Attorney Mog explained that the City could decide whatever it wanted; the area could be restricted and secured at night or not with the area open to any member of the public, and all of those options were open since it involved City property someone was requesting to be used.

Mr. Hanham commented that as the Planning Commission further discussed design guidelines it would have the opportunity to take a look at this topic during a subcommittee process and it may look different after feedback from the Planning Commission, City Council and the public.

At this time, Mr. Hanham recommended that given this was a major issue and the Planning Commission wanted to consider a lot of different ideas, the Commission could provide additional feedback for a more comprehensive discussion at a later date.

Chairperson Moriarty stated the rights of the public versus the rights of the business owner was a question the City Council needed to consider along with the Planning Commission.

Commissioner Menis added it should be noted for the City Council that the Planning Commission had been unable to reach a consensus on this topic.

Mr. Hanham advised that staff would forward the comments from the Planning Commission to the City Council so that the City Council was aware of the concerns raised.

Address parking requirements

Mr. Hanham explained that the City had conducted a parking study for the downtown Commercial District on the parking being used. As an example, if Tina's Place took up four parking stalls, should a parking study be prepared to identify the viability of parking.

Commissioner Kurrent suggested there should be a re-analysis of the parking requirements to ensure the use still met the PMC for required parking.

Commissioner Benzuly suggested a maximum percentage should be identified before the next step of requiring a potential costly parking study.

Chairperson Moriarty understood they were speaking mostly of reducing the parking in a parking lot for a private use. As an example, the Bear Claw had two parking spaces in front of the business and if they were to build a parklet in the front of that business and use those two parking spaces there would be a different standard.

Mr. Hanham explained that the City's parking requirements were based off of off-street parking. A business of 5,000 square feet required one parking space per every 50 square feet of gross floor area off-street. In the downtown area, all parking spaces had been incorporated within the square footage, which was why the City had ample parking spaces in the downtown core since both off and on-street parking was used.

Commissioner Kurrent reiterated that parklets should not be a giveaway. There should be a cost per square footage and if the cost was market rate as opposed to nominal the City would find that establishments would not want to construct parklets. He suggested parklets were not a good business model for Tina's Place and Mel's.

Vice Chairperson Martinez wanted to be careful that the City was not seen as being non-business friendly. He cited a number of jurisdictions that did not charge market rate for parklets, and if the City of Pinole was the only jurisdiction charging those fees businesses would not come to Pinole. He recommended that the City not set such a precedent

 Chairperson Moriarty suggested if using a private lot that would impact other business owners the question was whether the size of the parklet should be restricted to give back for that use.

Mr. Hanham clarified that the parklet would be located in the public ROW and the only area that would be losing parking spaces would be in the area within the private outdoor dining area adjacent to the business, and which would be those types of businesses that would affect the on-street parking requirements. The question was how to address that either by a percentage or by the PMC.

Chairperson Moriarty agreed that parklets should not necessarily be a giveaway. If parklets affected the availability of parking that would impact other businesses that needed to be addressed in some way.

In response to Commissioner Menis, Assistant City Attorney Mog explained that if a business owner had a use permit that required a certain number of parking spaces and if the business was below that amount, it was at the discretion of the City whether or not to allow a reduction in the required parking.

Commissioner Menis understood that much of this was policy the City Council would have to make since it was ultimately a policy level decision on how the City was structured, whether to prioritize people versus vehicles and weigh the values of those, which was beyond the Planning Commission's level.

Assistant City Attorney Mog clarified that parking was within the purview of the Planning Commission and its role as a Planning Commission. Planning and zoning standards involved recommendations to the City Council. If the Planning Commission had a recommendation on how a parking standard should apply it was within the purview of the Commission to provide a recommendation to the City Council to adopt all policies.

As an example, the previously discussed recommendation for a mandate on the use of natural gas heaters was not a planning issue and was outside the Planning Commission's jurisdiction, while parking standards were within the purview of the Planning Commission.

Commissioner Kurrent reiterated that if parking spaces were removed the business should be required to prove it could still live up to the PMC parking requirements.

Chairperson Moriarty was unsure the Planning Commission would reach a consensus on this topic.

Mr. Hanham suggested the Planning Commission could make a recommendation to the City Council to evaluate the parking requirements as part of the overall design standards.

Chairperson Moriarty confirmed the consensus that the Planning Commission would make a recommendation to the City Council to evaluate the parking requirements as part of the overall design standards, and that outdoor dining in private areas would be considered separately from a parklet taking up public ROW parking. She suggested discussion on this topic needed more time along with more data.

Mr. Hanham agreed that until a specific project had been proposed where the required parking would be identified and whether or not some parking could be reduced in different areas, additional studies were needed but the Planning Commission may recommend that the City Council review the parking requirements as part of this process.

Chairperson Moriarty suggested this could be a topic for the Planning Commission Ad-Hoc Subcommittee.

Address the transition from temporary outdoor dining areas to permanent dining areas (i.e., establish a transition period for existing temporary permit holders to apply for a permanent outdoor dining area)

Mr. Hanham confirmed there were currently only three establishments that had been issued temporary use permits under the Urgency Ordinance, which were still active and which had been identified in the staff report as Tina's Place, Sue's Café and the Pear Street Bistro.

Commissioner Kurrent suggested there was a natural time consideration in that the outdoor dining areas were more popular during the summer months, and that October 1 was a good time to obtain a CUP if the business desired.

Mr. Hanham stated since the City had lifted the Urgency Ordinance, it could suspend the temporary use permits, but if the business wanted to continue to use the outdoor dining space the Planning Commission needed to consider the following: setting a timeline for converting from a temporary program to a new program; work with existing businesses to address a new design program and institute a potential fee deferral program for compliance or consider a full amnesty program for existing businesses that wanted to have an outdoor dining area.

Assistant City Attorney Mog suggested the Planning Commission provide direction on how a transition should happen and whether the business should be allowed to maintain the outdoor dining area or meet new standards, as described.

Commissioner Benzuly suggested the business should have nine months to a year to determine and resolve all issues before transitioning from a temporary to a permanent dining area. He was not a fan of an amnesty program but supported the three businesses that had stuck it out and made it work, and possibly a fee deferral program could be considered while those businesses worked towards transitioning to a permanent solution and meeting yet to be determined new design standards.

Commissioner Menis asked whether staff was aware of those cities that had shifted out of the state emergency from a temporary to a more permanent model, the timeline involved and whether that timeline had been effective.

Mr. Hanham stated he could not provide an answer since some communities had required the temporary use to be removed within 90 to 120-days from the date of the lifting of the emergency ordinance. Currently in Pinole, if a business desired to continue the outdoor dining use, the business would be required to comply with Section 17.68, Outdoor Dining, of the PMC and as new guidelines were established the business would have to comply with those new guidelines.

Assistant City Attorney Mog clarified in response to the Chair that if a business were to continue in its current form of providing outdoor dining in the interim of the City considering new regulations, the City Council would be required to adopt something before the new regulations were formally adopted.

Commissioner Menis suggested it was reasonable to give the current existing businesses more time to adapt since the City needed to figure out what it wanted to do. He was uncertain of the time it would take to build out a more permanent structure and suggested it would be beneficial to allow the current temporary uses to continue for a period of time after the adoption of a new ordinance, not just after the end of the emergency that would require City Council action.

Commissioner Menis disagreed there should be amnesty for the existing structures to continue on indefinitely. He wanted to eventually shift from the temporary to a more permanent structure, which would result in better quality construction and something that met the City's guidelines. He suggested six months to a year from the passage of the ordinance could be a possible timeline.

Vice Chairperson Martinez was also uncertain that amnesty should be considered but he recognized the City was not done imposing new design guidelines. He asked staff once the City's work had been completed whether six months would be a reasonable timeline to require compliance with new guidelines. He asked whether that was a consistent timeline as compared to what other jurisdictions had imposed.

Mr. Hanham suggested staff work with the existing businesses to see where they were at in terms of their design components. He confirmed the three establishments had been informed the City was in the process of adopting a new program and it was a matter of how long the temporary uses would be allowed to remain.

Vice Chairperson Martinez asked the Assistant City Attorney to provide guidance on liability. He asked if an accident occurred at any of the three existing businesses whether the City would be liable.

Assistant City Attorney Mog suggested there would not be issues of significant liability in such a situation for the City. He acknowledged that whenever an accident occurred the City was often named since it had deeper pockets, the City had a number of immunities and defenses available and he was not concerned about significant liability. The business would also have insurance that protected the City's ROW.

Vice Chairperson Martinez suggested if the businesses were allowed to continue business as usual, he wanted assurance that the City was not liable if the business was sued and Assistant City Attorney Mog reiterated the City would not be on the "hook."

Vice Chairperson Martinez was okay with allowing the businesses to continue business as usual but suggested those businesses be provided an action plan that the City was creating a new program and compliance would be required at some point.

Commissioner Kurrent suggested there would be a natural end point once the weather had improved and there would be a natural timeline limit of October 1 or November 1. Of the three existing businesses that had outdoor seating, and citing Tina's Place as an example, he was uncertain how that business would transition to a more permanent use since they had incorporated a walkway between Pear Street Bistro and the Bank of Pinole. He was uncertain that would be considered outdoor dining requiring a permit from the City.

Commissioner Kurrent suggested Sue's Café was the only business that would likely want to continue with its parklet. He again suggested that a parklet was an expansion of the business, and he reiterated his recommended timeline that offered a natural break.

Chairperson Moriarty stated in her opinion it depended on when the City had actual regulations in place and having a hard and fast date did not make sense to her. She clarified Planning Commission consensus was that no amnesty program be considered. There was also Planning Commission consensus to allow the businesses to continue business as usual until a target changeover date had been identified and new regulations had been implemented.

Mr. Hanham explained he would have to work with the City Attorney's Office to prepare something to allow the businesses to continue and inform them of a specific time to comply with a new ordinance. As an example, from the time of the adoption of a new ordinance the business owner would likely have three to six months to comply, and if not, outdoor dining would not be allowed.

Commissioner Menis suggested it was open to question whether the businesses were aware of what the City was doing, but Mr. Hanham reiterated the three businesses identified were aware that the City was starting the process for a more permanent solution.

On the discussion, Chairperson Moriarty reiterated the consensus of the Planning Commission to recommend to the City Council not to allow any amnesty program. Until new regulations were in place, the businesses would be status quo with the temporary use permit and with the business to be permitted six months to a year to transition to a permanent structure after new regulations were in place.

PUBLIC COMMENTS OPENED

Mr. Hanham reported there were no comments from the public.

PUBLIC COMMENTS CLOSED

Mr. Hanham thanked the Planning Commission for the feedback.

H. CITY PLANNER'S / COMMISSIONERS' REPORT

Mr. Hanham reported that staff was finalizing the administrative draft for the environmental work for the Pinole Shores II project, with the project to be presented to the Planning Commission on March 13, 2023. In other matters, use permit applications were being processed for a massage therapy business and a paint booth on San Pablo Avenue, and a tentative map application, which applications had been tentatively scheduled to be presented to the Planning Commission in the next month.

In addition, the New Outdoor Dining Regulations Framework would be presented to the City Council in the next few months.

Commissioner Kurrent commented on a notification he had received that the Bank of America in the Appian/80 Shopping Center would close in July. He asked whether the closure was temporary due to the expansion of the shopping center or permanent, and Mr. Hanham advised he would have to check since the property had a new owner.

Commissioner Kurrent also asked staff the status of a pending lawsuit against the City related to its Housing Element, and Assistant City Attorney Mog reported he could not go into detail about the lawsuit filed against the City related to its Housing Element but the lawsuit alleged the Housing Element had been adopted prematurely and was not compliant with State law. He expected a revised Housing Element may come to the Planning Commission at a future meeting after comments had been received from the State Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD). The City Attorney's Office would respond to the lawsuit and after comments had been received from HCD it was possible the lawsuit may become moot.

Vice Chairperson Martinez asked the status of a parcel on San Pablo Avenue between the bank and the Community Corner which had some activity, and Mr. Hanham explained that the site was for a project for outdoor space for special events and food trucks, which had been approved in 2020. The project involved some undergrounding work, fencing and signage.

Commissioner Menis reported he had been invited to a forum to be held with one of the entities suing the City of Pinole to discuss their side of things in March and stated he had been informed he could invite staff from the City to attend. He asked whether it would be an issue for him to attend personally or as a Planning Commissioner and whether staff may also attend the forum.

Assistant City Attorney Mog clarified that Commissioner Menis was able to attend any event in his personal capacity but not representing the City or the Planning Commission in any way. He requested that Commissioner Menis provide a copy of the invitation to the City Attorney's Office for review. He added that City staff generally did not attend such events.

Chairperson Moriarty inquired of the status of the Adobe Road Trail breaches, a concern raised by a citizen during a prior Planning Commission meeting, and Mr. Hanham reported the Public Works Department was working on repairing the breaches. As part of the Pinole Vista project, there was a condition that as the developer excavated soil, the City had first priority for the soil which could be moved towards that area.

Chairperson Moriarty inquired of the status of the objective design standards and Parks and Tree Master Plans, and was informed by Mr. Hanham that staff was preparing a schedule for the objective design standards to be presented to the Planning Commission for review possibly for the March 27, 2023 Planning Commission meeting.

As to the status of the Parks and Tree Master Plans, Mr. Hanham understood consultants had been hired and he would have to check with staff to get more details.

 Chairperson Moriarty commented on a tree that had been illegally removed and not replaced at 2018 San Pablo Avenue and asked whether or not the property owner had been fined, and Mr. Hanham understood the property owner was paying for the illegal removal of the tree but the City was planting the tree.

Chairperson Moriarty asked the status of in-person meetings and quorum requirements, and was informed by Assistant City Attorney Mog that Assembly Bill (AB) 361 would be eliminated on February 28, 2023 as part of the Governor's declaration to end the State of Emergency regarding the pandemic.

After that time, Planning Commissioners would be required to participate in-person and traditional Brown Act requirements to participate remotely would apply. There was a possibility to participate remotely for just cause or emergency circumstances subject to limitations.

Mr. Hanham stated he would provide the Planning Commission with a copy of the resolution adopted by the City Council on this topic.

Chairperson Moriarty asked staff to consider increasing the font size for future PowerPoint presentations.

I. <u>COMMUNICATIONS</u>

Commissioner Menis reported he had received a communication from a member of the public who reported wash-out damage on the Bay Trail out of Tennent Avenue, the walking area between Tennent Avenue and Pinole Shores. That individual had asked whether there were any plans to repair the blocked walking path between those two points.

Mr. Hanham stated he would have to review the matter with staff and would email Commissioner Menis an update, although Chairperson Moriarty stated the Bay Trail was under the jurisdiction of the East Bay Regional Park District (EBRPD).

J. <u>NEXT MEETING</u>

The next meeting of the Planning Commission to be a Regular Meeting scheduled for February 27, 2023 at 7:00 p.m.

K. <u>ADJOURNMENT</u>: 10:45 p.m.

Transcribed by:

Sherri D. Lewis Transcriber

Revisions by: Planning Staff